## **IN THE CLAIMS**:

- PECEIVED TC 1700 1. (Currently Amended) A process for forming a strippable glass fiber wall covering according to Claim 17, comprising:
  - (a) providing a glass fiber fabric,
  - (b) forming a first dried coating on both sides of said glass fiber fabric that is applied from an aqueous dispersion comprising a starch and a polymeric latex binder, and
  - (c) subsequently forming a second dried coating on said first dried coating on one side only of said glass fiber fabric that is applied from an aqueous dispersion comprising a paraffin wax and a rheology modifier with said second dried coating being capable of aiding in the removal of the wall covering from the wall.
- 2. (Currently Amended) A process wall covering according to Claim + 17, wherein said glass fiber fabric is a woven fabric.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A process wall covering according to Claim + 17, wherein said glass fiber fabric is a nonwoven.

- 4. (Original) A process according to Claim 1, wherein the glass fiber fabric is supplied in roll form.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A process wall covering according to Claim + 17, wherein said starch component of the first dried coating is potato starch.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A process wall covering according to Claim + 17, wherein said polymeric latex binder component of the first dried coating is an acrylic latex binder.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A process wall covering according to Claim + 17, wherein said aqueous dispersion of the first dried coating includes a cross-linking agent.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A process wall covering according to Claim 7, wherein said cross-linking agent of the first dried coating is a zirconium cross-linker.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A process wall covering according to Claim ± 17, wherein said aqueous dispersion of the first dried coating additionally includes pigment.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A process wall covering according to Claim 9, wherein said pigment of the first dried coating is titanium dioxide.

- 11. (Original) A process according to Claim 1 wherein the aqueous dispersions of said first and second dried coatings are applied on a continuous process.
- 12. (Original) The process of Claim 1 wherein the drying of the glass fiber fabric in steps(b) and (c) is accomplished through the use of drying cylinders.
- 13. (Original) The process of Claim 1 wherein the drying of the glass fiber fabric in steps (b) and (c) is accomplished in air driers.
- 14. (Original) The process of Claim 1 wherein the application of said aqueous dispersions in steps (b) and (c) is accomplished through the use of a rotating screen applicator.
- 15. (Original) The process of Claim 1 wherein the applying of said aqueous dispersions in steps (b) and (c) is accomplished through the use of transfer rollers.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A strippable glass fiber wall covering formed by a process comprising:
  - (a) providing a glass fiber fabric,
  - (b) forming a first dried coating on both sides of said glass fiber fabric that is
    applied from an aqueous dispersion comprising a starch and a polymeric
    latex binder, and

Application No. <u>09/827,855</u>

Attorney's Docket No. 032264-079

Page 5

- one side only of said glass fiber fabric that is applied from an aqueous dispersion

  comprising a paraffin wax and a rheology modifier, wherein said wall covering can be readily removed from the wall by force applied by hand.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A strippable glass fiber wall covering formed by a process of Claim 1 comprising a glass fiber fabric impregnated and coated on both sides with a first dried coating comprising a starch and a polymeric latex binder and having applied thereon a second dried coating to only one of the surfaces coated sides, whereby the second dried coating comprising a paraffin wax and a rheology modifier and serves as a separation layer that facilitates the removal of said wall covering from a substrate.
- 18. (New) The wall covering according to Claim 17, wherein the starch is present in an amount ranging from about 10 to 70% by wt. and the polymeric latex binder is present in an amount ranging from about 20 to 80% by wt., based on the dried weight of the first coating.
- 19. (New) The wall covering according to Claim 18, wherein the paraffin wax is present in an amount ranging from about 80 to 99% by wt. and the rheology modifier is present in an amount ranging from about 1 to 20% by wt., based on the dried weight of the second coating.

Application No. <u>09/827,855</u> Attorney's Docket No. <u>032264-079</u> Page 6

20. (New) The wall covering according to Claim 17, wherein the rheology modifier is an acrylic thickener, a polyurethane thickener or a cellulose thickener.